

LIMITI NOTEVOLI

TRIGONOMETRICHE

$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x^n}{x} = 1$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 0$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \alpha x}{x} = \alpha$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin \alpha x}{\sin \beta x} = \frac{\alpha}{\beta}$	$\exists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \sin x, \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{x}$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x} = 0$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{1 - \cos x}{x^2} = \frac{1}{2}$	$\exists \lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \cos x, \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \cos \frac{1}{x}$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{tg} x}{x} = 1$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{tg} \alpha x}{x} = \alpha$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\operatorname{tg} \alpha x}{\operatorname{tg} \beta x} = \frac{\alpha}{\beta}$

ESPOENZIALE - LOGARITMO - POTENZA

$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{1}{x}\right)^x = e$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} (1+x)^{1/x} = e$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 - \frac{1}{x}\right)^x = \frac{1}{e}$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{\alpha}{x}\right)^x = e^\alpha$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \left(1 + \frac{\alpha}{x}\right)^{m \cdot x} = e^{m\alpha}$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^\alpha}{e^x} = 0$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{e^x}{x^\alpha} = +\infty$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{x^n}{a^x} = 0 \quad (a > 1)$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow c} \frac{x^n - c^n}{x - c} = n c^{n-1}$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{a^x - 1}{x} = \ln a \quad (a > 0)$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{e^x - 1}{x} = 1$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{(1+x)^\alpha - 1}{\alpha x} = 1$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} x^x = 1$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} x^\alpha \ln x = 0$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} x^\alpha \ln x = +\infty$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} x^{1/x} = 1$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} \frac{\ln x}{x^\alpha} = 0$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\ln(1+x)}{x} = 1$
$\lim_{x \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{1+a^x} = \begin{cases} 1 & (a < 1) \\ 0 & (a > 1) \end{cases}$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow +\infty} (x - a \ln x) = +\infty$	

INFINITESIMI EQUIVALENTI (per $x \rightarrow 0$)

$\sin \alpha \sim \alpha$	$\operatorname{tg} \alpha \sim \alpha$	$1 - \cos \alpha \sim \alpha^2/2$
$\arcsin \alpha \sim \alpha$	$\operatorname{arctg} \alpha \sim \alpha$	$a^\alpha - 1 \sim \alpha \ln a$
$\ln(1+\alpha) \sim \alpha$	$e^\alpha - 1 \sim \alpha$	$(1+\alpha)^k - 1 \sim k\alpha$

DERIVATE NOTEVOLI

$f(x)$	$f'(x)$	$f(x)$	$f'(x)$
k	0	a^x	$a^x \ln a$
x	1	e^x	e^x
$ax + b$	a	$\ln x$	$\frac{1}{x}$
x^α	$\alpha x^{\alpha-1}$	$\log_a x$	$\frac{1}{x \ln a}$
$\frac{1}{x}$	$-\frac{1}{x^2}$	$\log_x a$	$-\frac{\ln a}{x \ln^2 x}$
\sqrt{x}	$\frac{1}{2\sqrt{x}}$	x^x	$x^x(1 + \ln x)$
$x^{m/n} = \sqrt[n]{x^m}$	$\frac{m}{n} \sqrt[n]{x^{m-n}}$	$x(\ln x - 1)$	$\ln x$
$\sin x$	$\cos x$	$\arcsin x$	$\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
$\cos x$	$-\sin x$	$\arccos x$	$-\frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$
$\operatorname{tg} x$	$1/\cos^2 x = 1 + \operatorname{tg}^2 x$	$\operatorname{arctg} x$	$\frac{1}{1+x^2}$

$\operatorname{tg} x - x$	$\operatorname{tg}^2 x$	$\arccos \frac{-x}{\sqrt{1+x^2}}$	$\frac{1}{1+x^2}$
$\frac{1 - \cos x}{1 + \cos x}$	$\frac{\operatorname{tg} x/2}{\cos^2 x/2}$	$\frac{1 - \operatorname{tg} x}{1 + \operatorname{tg} x}$	$\frac{2}{1 + \sin 2x}$

REGOLE DI DERIVAZIONE

- Combinazione lineare**
 $D[a_1 f_1(x) + \dots + a_n f_n(x)] = a_1 f_1'(x) + \dots + a_n f_n'(x)$
- Prodotto**
 $D[f(x) \cdot g(x)] = f'(x) \cdot g(x) + f(x) \cdot g'(x)$
- Potenza**
 $D[f(x)]^\alpha = \alpha [f(x)]^{\alpha-1} f'(x)$
- Reciproca**
 $D \frac{1}{f(x)} = -\frac{f'(x)}{[f(x)]^2}$
- Quoziente**
 $D \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \frac{f'(x) \cdot g(x) - f(x) \cdot g'(x)}{[g(x)]^2}$
- Composta**
 $D[b \circ \dots \circ g \circ f(x)] = D b(\dots g(f(x))) = b'(\dots g(f(x))) \cdot \dots \cdot g'(f(x)) \cdot f'(x)$
- Inversa**
 $D f^{-1}(y) = \frac{1}{f'(x)} \Leftrightarrow f'(x) = \frac{1}{D f^{-1}(y)}$
- Esponenziale**
 $D[f(x)]^{g(x)} = [f(x)]^{g(x)} \left(\frac{g(x) \cdot f'(x)}{f(x)} + g'(x) \cdot \ln f(x) \right)$

DERIVATE N-SIME FONDAMENTALI

$f(x)$	$f^{(n)}(x)$
x^α	$\alpha(\alpha-1)\dots(\alpha-n+1)x^{\alpha-n}$
x^n	$n!$
$a_0 x^n + a_1 x^{n-1} + \dots + a_n$	$a_0 \cdot n!$
a^x	$a^x (\ln a)^n$
$\sin x$	$\sin(x + n\pi/2)$
$\cos x$	$\cos(x + n\pi/2)$
$\sin \alpha x$	$\alpha^n \sin(\alpha x + n\pi/2)$
$\cos \alpha x$	$\alpha^n \cos(\alpha x + n\pi/2)$

TEOREMA DI DE L'HÔPITAL

Forma indet.	trasformazione
$\frac{0}{0}, \frac{\infty}{\infty}$	$\lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{f(x)}{g(x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{f'(x)}{g'(x)} = \dots = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} \frac{f^{(n)}(x)}{g^{(n)}(x)} \quad \exists \text{ stop}$
$0 \cdot \infty$	$\frac{0}{0} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} [f(x) \cdot g(x)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) / (1/g(x))$
$+\infty - \infty$	$\frac{\infty}{\infty} \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} [f(x) - g(x)] = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x) \left[1 - \frac{g(x)}{f(x)} \right]$
$0^0, 1^\infty, \infty^0, 0^\infty$	$0 \cdot \infty \quad \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} [f(x)]^{g(x)} = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} e^{g(x) \ln f(x)} \quad (f(x) > 0)$
$\lg_0 0, \lg_0 \infty, \lg_\infty 0, \lg_\infty \infty$	$\frac{\infty}{\infty} \quad \lg_a b = \frac{\ln b}{\ln a}$
$\lg_1 1$	$\frac{0}{0}$